1.—Assets and Liabilities of the Bank of Canada, Mar. 13, 1935, and Dec. 31, 1949-51

Source: Annual Statements of the Bank of Canada.

Assets and Liabilities	Mar. 13, 1935	Dec. 31, 1949	Dec 21 1000	D. St. tort
TIBBOR AND TRADITIONS	Mar. 15, 1955		Dec. 31, 1950	Dec. 31, 1951
Assets	*	\$	\$	\$
Reserves (at market values)— Gold coin and bullion. Silver bullion. Sterling and U.S.A. dollars. Other currencies.	106,584,356 986,363 394,875	74,135,541 45,380		117,833,770 90,262
Totals, Reserves	107,965,594	74, 180, 921 1	l—	117,924,032
Subsidiary coin. Investments (at not exceeding market values)— Government of Canada and Provincial	297,335	131,325	408,039	374,485
Government of Canada and Froyincial Government short-term securities Other Government of Canada and Provincial	34,846,294	1,781,412,576	1,229,344,790	1,141,766,318
Government securitiesOther securities	115,013,637	227,818,490 5,500,000	712,453,368 247,888,525	1,049, 343 ,336 89,033,502
Totals, Investments	149,859,931	2,014,731,066	2,189,686,683	2,280,143,156
Industrial Development Bank capital stock Bank premisesAll other assets	1,191,897	25,000,000 3,649,273 8,189,042	25,000,000 5,081,069 18,474,022	25,000,000 5,069,987 15,585,338
Totals, Assets	259,314,757	2,125,881,627	2,350,330,755	2,444,096,998
Liabilities				
Capital paid up	4,991,640 97,805,665	5,000,000 10,050,367 1,307,424,146	5,000,000 10,050,367 1,367,421,840	5,000,000 10,050,367 1,464,160,786
Deposits— Government of Canada Chartered banks. Other	4,212,200 151,927,628 277,922	51,098,502 541,714,005 126,933,228	44,378,082 578,588,783 207,052,610	118,901,466 618,996,408 66,089,987
Totals, Deposits	156,417,750	719,745,735	830,019,475	803,987,861
Liabilities payable in sterling, United States and foreign gold currencies. Dividends declared. Other liabilities.	<u>-</u> 99,702	79,635,541 112,500 3,913,338	133,560,519 112,500 4,166,054	155, 573, 289 112, 500 5, 212, 195
Totals, Liabilities	259, 314, 757	2,125,881,627	2,350,330,755	2,444,096,998

¹ The Exchange Fund Order, 1940, authorized the transfer of the Bank's gold holdings to the Foreign Exchange Control Board and temporarily suspended the requirement for a minimum gold reserve.

The Industrial Development Bank.—The Industrial Development Bank, a subsidiary of the Bank of Canada, was incorporated by Act of Parliament during 1944 and its banking operations commenced on Nov. 1, 1944. Its functions are described in the preamble to the Act as follows:—

"To promote the economic welfare of Canada by increasing the effectiveness of monetary action through ensuring the availability of credit to industrial enterprises which may reasonably be expected to prove successful if a high level of national income and employment is maintained, by supplementing the activities of other lenders and by providing capital assistance to industry with particular consideration to the financing problems of small enterprises."

The President of the Industrial Development Bank is the Governor of the Bank of Canada and the Directors are the Directors and Assistant Deputy Governor of the Bank of Canada. The \$25,000,000 capital stock of the Bank (completely paid up) was subscribed by the Bank of Canada. The Industrial Development Bank may also raise funds by the issue of bonds and debentures provided that its